

Politecnico di Milano ENBIS 2021





The Safari Njema Project

Project Aim:

Study paratransit mobility in sub-saharian context to decrease transport poverty.



Interdisciplinary research team:

Department of Mathematics
Department of Urban Studies
Department of Management
Department of Design
Department of Computer Science



The Safari Njema Project

Project Aim:

Study paratransit mobility in sub-saharian context to decrease transport poverty.



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POLISOCIAL

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The Safari Njema Project Aim



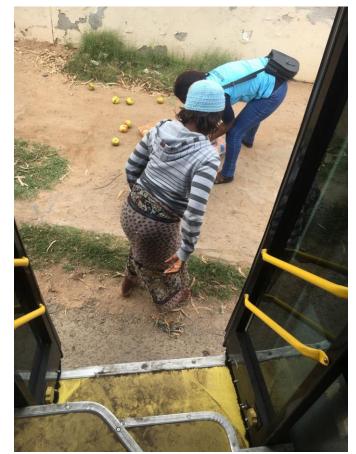
Problem - safety



Problem - infrastructure



A Road





A Bus Stop

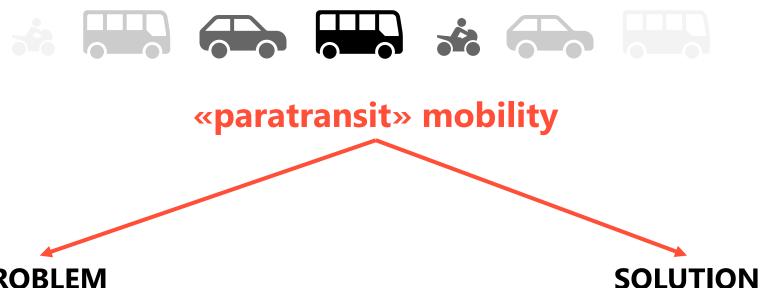
Problem - traffic



Problem – personal space and harrasment



The Project Aim



PROBLEM banned the whole system from the urban area

Try to study, understand, regulate and optimize informal mobility, transforming it into an active solution.

The Project Aim













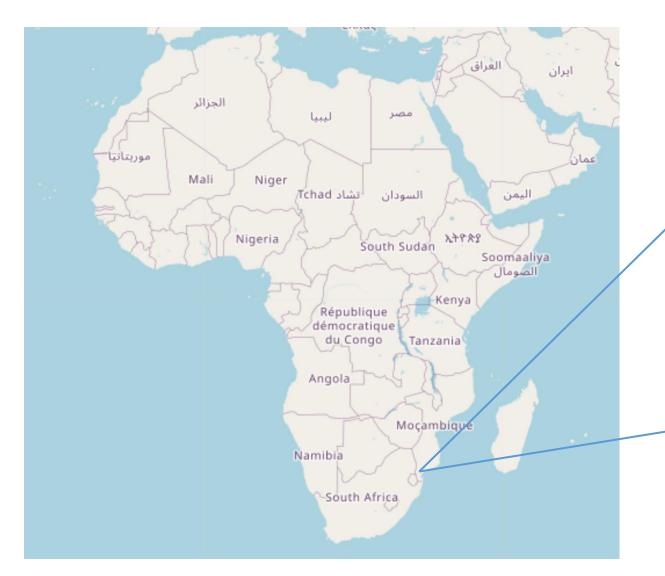


«paratransit» mobility

SOLUTION

Try to study, understand, regulate and optimize informal mobility, transforming it into an active solution.

Maputo (Mozambique) as a Case Study





Data Mapping















Undestranding «paratransit» mobility

Demand

How do people move around the city? Where do they wait the most?

- Thought GPS data shared by mobile phone users

Offer

Which are the active route? Where is the lack of offer located?

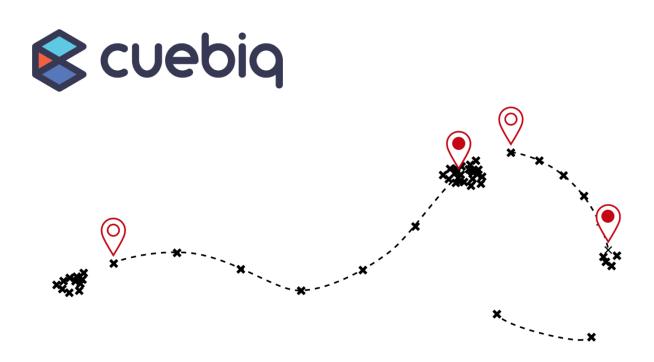
- Through a Maphaton

Infrastructure

Which is the condition of the infrastructure? Which road are concrete, soil, sand?

Demand: Cuebiq Data





Collection window: January 31st 2019 - ongoing Collection area: Greater Maputo (Mozambique)

Monitored unique users: 20k

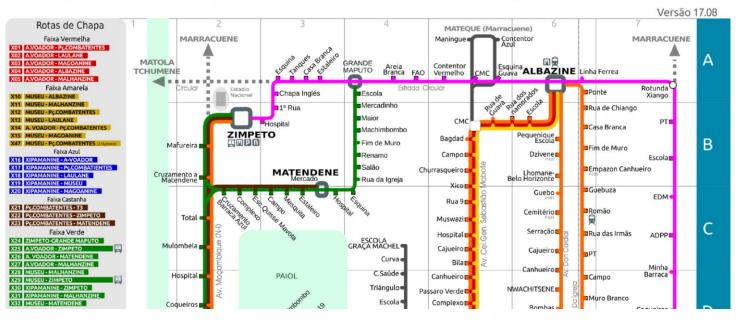
Average daily number of data points per user: ~150

Offer: Maphaton

Maphaton is a collective project aimed at mapping the actual system offer.

- Stops
- Timetable
- Lines
- Interchages
- -

Mapa de Transporte Público do Município de Maputo





Infrastructure: Satellite and OSM Data

To understand the quality of the infrastructure, we explored two data sources:

Open Street Map Data
 to understand which infrastructure are present
 in the area.

Google place API Data

 to identify important venues, such as hospitals, markets, shopping malls.



Data Analysis

The analysis conducted using these data are:

- OD Matrices
- User-Line Analysis
- Isocrone Analysis
- Transport Mode detection
- Stop Analysis
- Infrastructure Analysis



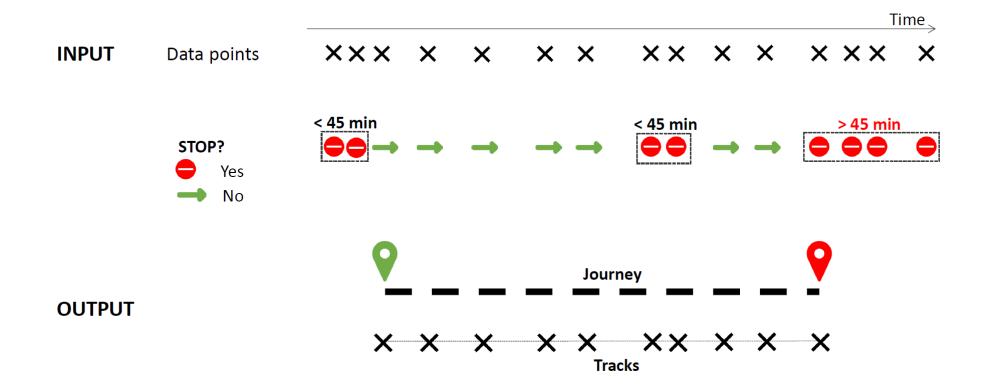
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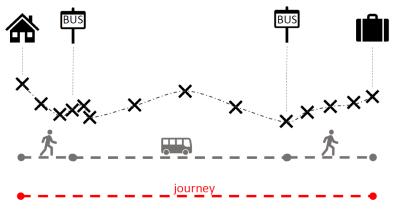
Data Preprocessing

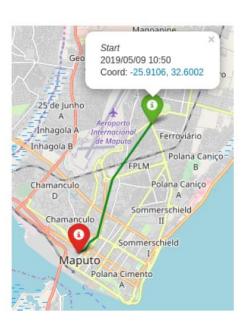


Data Preprocessing: from points to journeys



Initial Dataset 5m GPS location 20k unique users

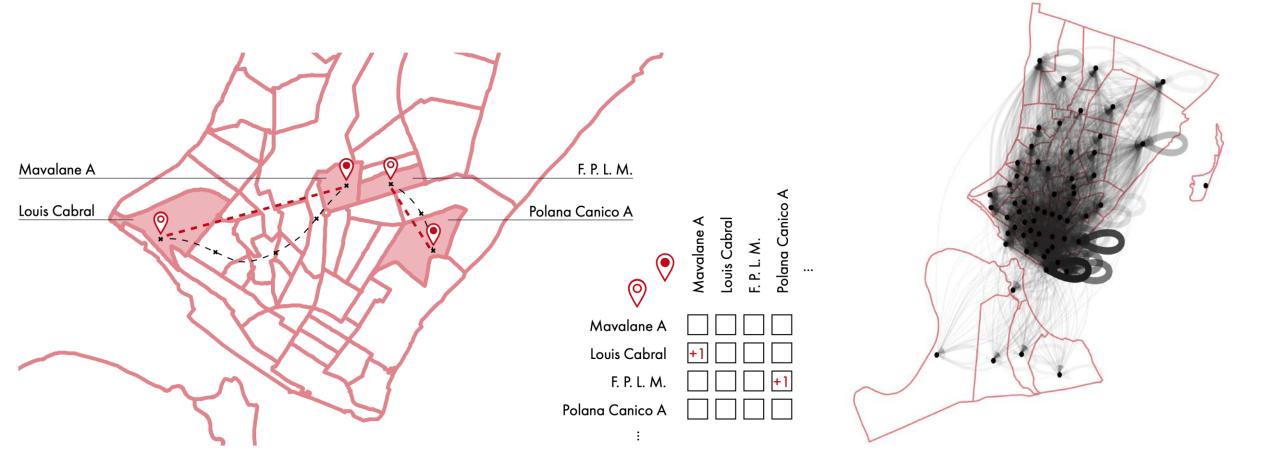




Set of Journeys 7k unique users

Origin Destination Matrix

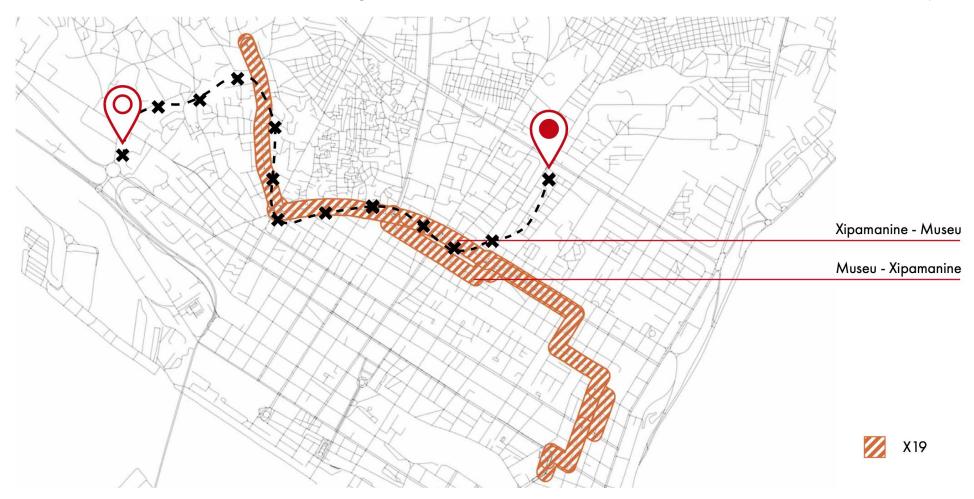
The aim of the origin destination matrices is to understand the mobility between different area at different time of the day. The area can be build based on the census samlping area, to allow rescale the analysis easily.



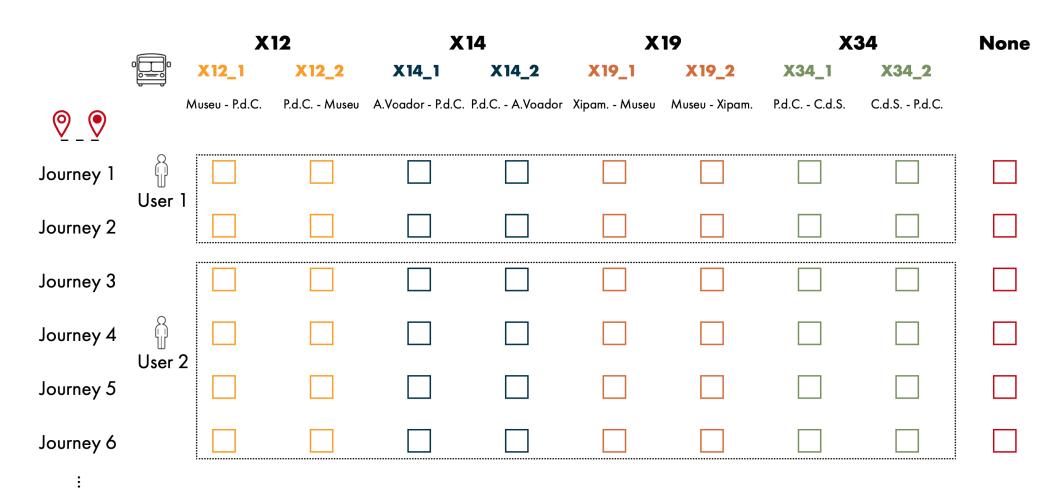
The User-Line helps to understand the potential demand on a specific line and to identify the lines connection.



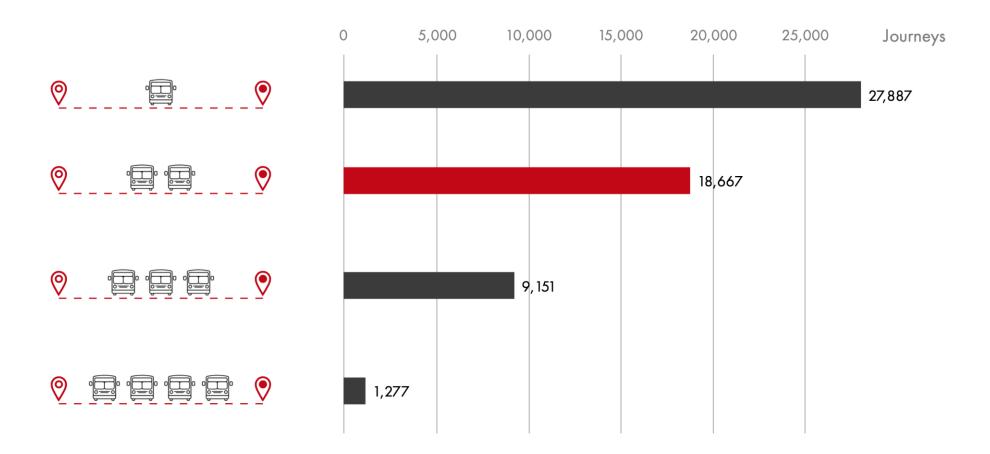
The User-Line helps understanding the potential demand on a specific line and to identify the lines connection.



The result is a bipartite graph, with interaction between users and lines.

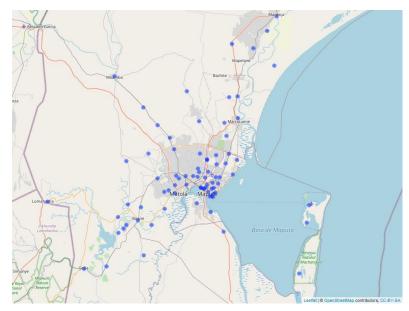


The User-Line analysis could help us understanding the "breaking points" of a journey, i.e. how many changes a user should do to arrive to its final destination.

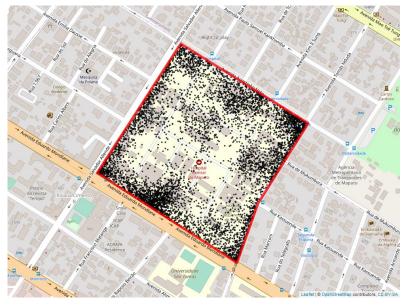


Isocrone Analysis

Isocrone Analysis focuses on understanding which is the travelling time between the urban area and important venues such as hospitals.



Venues in Maputo



Central Hospital

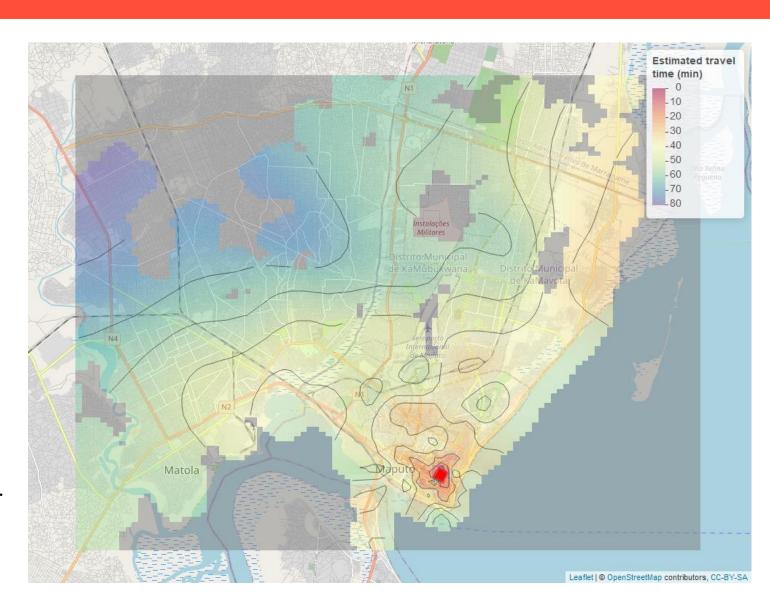


Paths crossing the hospital buffer

Isocrone Analysis

Isochrone map to reach the central hospital.

The maps shows the travelling time to the hospital, by coloring areas in the same color if the travelling time from the area to the hospital is within the same time range.



Data Analysis

The analysis conducted using these data are:

- OD Matrices
- User-Line Analysis
- Isocrone Analysis
- Transport Mode detection
 - Understanding which mode the trajectory is travelling on (bus, chapas, car, bike).
- Stop Analysis In collaboration with Agostino Torti
 Analysis of the stops, understanding the waiting time at the main stops.
- Infrastructure Analysis
 - Using Satellite images and Open Street Map infrastructure classification to label the streets which are not labelled yet.

Conclusion















Undestranding «paratransit» mobility

We studied with non-official real time data:

- **Demand** OD Matrices, User-Line
- Offer User-Line, Stops Analysis, Isochrone
- **Infrastructure** Satellite Analysis, Stops Analysis
 - The analysis were shared with the local transport administration to support the integreation of the chapas system in the public transport network.

Scalability

The methodology proposed here can be scaled to any other context with data availability.

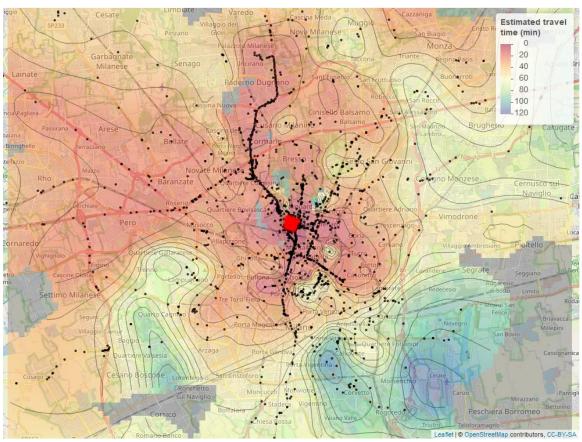
Example: Isochrone analysis in Milan

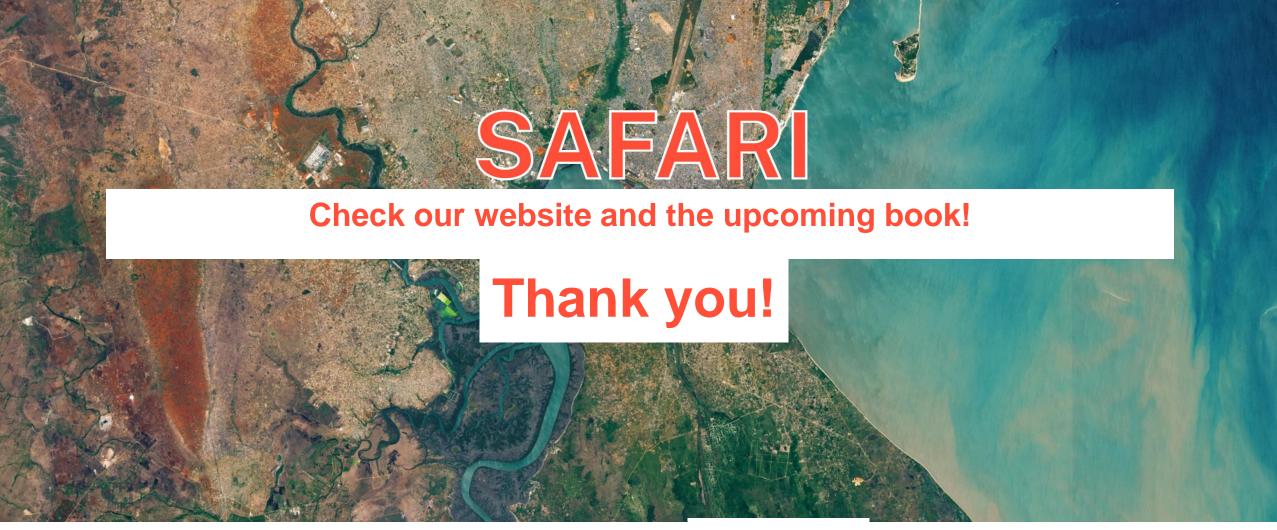
Data Source: Cuebiq, Open Street Map

Focus: Niguarda Hospital

Result: Map of the time to reach the hospital.







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